

WORLD POSTAL CARDS ARE AS GOOD AS MONEY.

LAST EDITION.
EXTRA.
CLEVELAND.

ominated for President
on the First
Ballot.

The Result Reached at
Chicago at 3.27 This
Morning.

Candidate for Vice-Presi-
dent to Be Named This
Afternoon.

The Democratic Platform Demands
a Tariff for Revenue Only.

Enthusiasm Among Business Men
and Politicians Over the
Nomination.

Senator Hill Declines to Be Inter-
viewed on the Causes of His
Defeat by the Delegates.

Story of the All-Night Session of the
Convention and the Balloting.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The Democratic
National Convention accomplished its prin-
cipal work when, at 3.27 o'clock this morn-
ing, after a continuous session of nine and
a half hours, ex-President Grover Cleveland
was nominated for the Presidency on the
first ballot, receiving 617½ votes, against
118 for Senator Hill, 103 for Gov. Boies and
the rest scattering. The number necessary
for a choice was 607. Mr. Cleveland's nomi-
nation was made unanimous, and the con-
vention adjourned till 2 o'clock this after-
noon (3 o'clock New York time).

The platform adopted pledges the Demo-
cratic party to the policy of a tariff for
revenue only, and declares for unimpaired
metallic coinage, every dollar to be of
equal intrinsic value with every other dollar
minted.

Mr. Cleveland's name was presented by
Gov. Leon Abbott, of New Jersey, which was
seconded by Attorney-General Hensel, of
Pennsylvania; William H. Wallace, of
Missouri; Gen. P. A. Collins, of Massachusetts;
A. W. Greene, of Illinois, and Delegate
McKenzie, of Kentucky.

William C. De Witt, of Brooklyn, presented
the name of Senator Hill, which was seconded
by Senator Daniel, of Virginia, and Congress-
man Bourke Cockran and John R. Fellows, of
New York.

Gov. Boies's name was presented by John F.
Duncombe, of Iowa, and seconded by Henry
Waterson.

After the ballot and the announcement of
the result, motions were made by several
delegates that the nomination be made
unanimous. Several States changed their
votes to the Cleveland column. Finally the
motion to make unanimous was put and car-
ried, New York and Iowa delegations being
conspicuous in the movement.

Adjournment was then taken till 2 o'clock
this afternoon (3 o'clock New York time).

MR. CLEVELAND'S STATEMENT

SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.
Brazill's Bay, Mass., June 23.—At 4.30
this morning Mr. Cleveland, through Gov.
Russell, sent from Gray Gables the following
statement to the press:
"I should certainly be chargeable with

dense insensibility if I were not profoundly
touched by this new proof of the confidence
and trust of the great party to which I
belong and whose mandates claim my loyal
obedience.

"I am confident that our fellow-country-
men are ready to receive with approval the
principle of true democracy, and I cannot rid
myself of the belief that to win success it is
only necessary to persistently and honestly
advocate these principles.

"Differences of opinion and judgment in
Democratic conventions are by no means un-
wholesome indications, but it is hardly con-
ceivable in view of the importance of our
success to the country and to the party that
there should be anywhere among Democrats
any lack of harmonious and active effort to
win in the campaign which opens before us.
I have, therefore, no concern on that sub-
ject.

"It will certainly be my constant endeavor
to deserve the support of every Democrat."

Mr. Cleveland was terribly tired when the
news of the total of the balloting reached
him. Joseph H. Jefferson departed at 4.30
o'clock from Gray Gables.

Mrs. Cleveland went to bed at 4 o'clock,
and when the nominee of the Democratic
party sought his chamber it was nearly 5.

STORY OF THE BALLOT.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]
CHICAGO, June 23.—Three words were
uttered by Edward Murphy, Jr., chairman of
the New York State Democratic Convention,
at 4 o'clock this morning, immediately after
the close of the most extraordinary and most
remarkable and memorable session of a Demo-
cratic National Convention held within the
memory of the present generation at least.
"Gorman dumped us," he said.

The words expressed a word of meaning
for they told the whole story of the disap-
pointed hopes of the men who had come as
delegates to the National Convention from
the State of New York with the sole object in
view of defeating the nomination of Grover
Cleveland for the Presidency.

Up to the very last moment the band of
seventy-two men, who had stood together
like a solid phalanx in their advocacy of the
nomination of David B. Hill, conceded nothing
to their opponents, but had confidently
asserted their ability to prevent the choice of
the Convention from falling upon the ex-
President.

They were only defeated after one of the
bitterest fights on record in a party struggle.
Yet they accepted the victory of their op-
ponents heroically, and have pledged them-
selves to loyally support the nominee of the
Convention.

After all the mystery and secrecy of their
campaign work for the past few days the ad-
missions of the leaders show upon what
ground their hopes of a successful issue in
their struggle against the most desperate op-
ponents were based, and in what manner they
failed to accomplish the end for which they
were fighting.

A SCENE TO BE REMEMBERED.

The scene in the Wigwam shortly
after 3.30 o'clock this morning, when the nomi-
nation of Mr. Cleveland was finally assured,
was one which those who witnessed it can
never forget. The Convention had been in
continuous session for nearly eleven hours,
during which a most desperate struggle had
been waged between the opposition forces
from the very beginning.

So exciting had been the fight that scarcely
any of the immense audience of nearly 20,000
people left the hall after they had secured
their places at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon,
for when they saw that the battle was to be
fought to the bitter end and that, should this
defeat give the Hill supporters a chance
to whom they had not expected, but their
enthusiasm was so lived, for Michigan, Minnesota and
Missouri followed with solid delegations of
Cleveland, putting his vote up to 334, while
Hill at the same time had received only 118
votes taking second place.

Mississippi showed a loss of two and Mon-
tana six, but Nebraska, with fifteen for
the ex-President, was a gain of three. With
New Hampshire and New Jersey solid,
Cleveland's vote reached 377, and his com-
manding lead at this point seemed an over-
whelming majority for him.



The latest portrait of GROVER CLEVELAND, and said by Mrs. Cleveland to be the only accurate one she has ever seen.
(From photograph by Pach Bros.)

7 in Georgia over the Whitney estimates.
This excited correspondingly increased en-
thusiasm among the Cleveland hosts.

Iowa Votes for Boies.

Iowa, of course, cast her 25 votes for her
man Boies and the crowd was magnanimous
enough to cheer heartily for the stalwart
band from the cornfields of North-west.

Kentucky gave 18 of her votes to Cleveland,
a clear gain, but Louisiana with 3 votes
for Cleveland fell 11 below his estimated
strength. Boies got the vote here.

Maine gave nine to Cleveland, a gain of
three, and the six from Maryland were ex-
pected. Only 24 of the 30 votes of Massa-
chusetts were given to the ex-President, although
the State had been counted solid for him, and
this defection gave the Hill supporters a chance
to whom they had not expected, but their
enthusiasm was so lived, for Michigan, Minnesota and
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Cleveland's vote reached 377, and his com-
manding lead at this point seemed an over-
whelming majority for him.

Seventy-two for Hill.

The 72 votes of New York for Hill, as an-
nounced by Mr. Sheehan, were greeted with
cheering by the anti-Cleveland contingent,
which had a chance to yell again when only
about 30 gave only 14 of her votes to the
ex-President.

Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and
Tennessee filed into line with a solid vote for
the leader, but losses in South Carolina,
Texas, which gave 23 instead of 30 for Cleve-
land; Virginia and West Virginia, with some
of the silver States and Territories to follow,
excited apprehension in the Cleveland camp
that the necessary two-thirds, or 607 votes,
might not be obtained.

It was an exciting moment when Wisconsin
came in solidly with her 24 votes for Cleve-
land, and put his vote up to 353, and frantic
shouts of the multitude. Wyoming, which
was suspected to be anti-Cleveland, then
added three to his score; Alaska gave him
two; Arizona most unexpectedly recorded
for him five of her six votes, and the District
of Columbia two.

This made 603, and the crowd, realizing
that success was practically assured, rose up
in their seats and set up a howl that shook
the rafters of the wigwam and made the elec-
tric lights flicker, while the delegates left
their places and rushed to and fro, many of
them believing the nomination had been made.

New Mexico Nominates.

It was some time before they could be
quieted sufficiently to hear the announce-
ment of New Mexico, which turned over four
of her votes to Cleveland, clinching the nomi-
nation and turning the wigwam into a perfect
pandemonium for the next ten minutes.
This was a little after 3.30 a.m., and it was
not until ten minutes later that the votes of
Oklahoma, Utah and Indian Territory could
be recorded. They gave two votes each for
Cleveland, making his total vote on the com-
pletion of the roll-call 617½. Hill, 118; Boies,
103; Morrison, 2; Carlisle, 14; Gorman,

perfority of the political tactics of Mr. Whit-
ney, Mr. Dickinson, Senator Vilas and other
friends of Mr. Cleveland over those of Messrs.
Croker, Murphy, Sheehan and Cockran are
now generally admitted.

Immediately after the roll-call representa-
tives of several States came forward and
wanted to change their votes. West Virginia
gave 11, instead of 7, of her 12 to Cleveland;
Alabama gave 18, instead of 15, to Cleveland;
and Kentucky gave him 27 instead of 18.

Making It Unanimous.

In the midst of all the excitement which
followed the announcement of the Chairman
that it appeared that Grover Cleve-
land, having received more than two-thirds
of the votes, was therefore the
nominee of the Convention, Congressman
Neal, of Ohio, jumped upon a chair and tried
to attract the attention of the Chairman,
although none of those who sat behind him
could hear what he said. It was ascertained
that he wanted the rules suspended and
moved the nomination of Mr. Cleveland by
acclamation.

The Chairman was pounding with all his
might at his desk, but it was of no avail.
The greatest disorder prevailed throughout
the entire hall.

Then Senator Daniel, of Virginia, who was
sitting on the platform and who had made
one of the speeches seconding Hill, rose and
made an eloquent appeal for the nomination
of Cleveland by acclamation.

"He is now the nominee of each and every
delegate in this Convention," shouted the
Senator, "and one voice should ascend to
heaven, my fellow Democrats, proclaiming
that Grover Cleveland is the head of his
party, and henceforth the leader in the great
campaign that is now commencing, and will
carry the Democratic party through to tri-
umph. Elect him we must and will."

The motion was put amid loud cheering in
the galleries, and the delegates responded
"Aye" with a will. On the call of the
"Aye" a low dissonant voice was heard
in the rear of the hall, which both Mr. Cock-
ran and Gov. Flower declared were not those
of New York delegates.

"They came from the people in the gal-
lery," said Mr. Cockran. "The New York
delegates will loyally support Mr. Cleveland,
the nominee of the Convention, as they have
always promised to do."

Mr. Flower declared that New York had not
cast a single vote in opposition to the motion
affirming the nomination of Mr. Cleveland by
acclamation.

After this the Tammany delegates wanted
to close up the work of the convention and
nominate a candidate for the Vice-Presidency,
but in response to the demands of other de-
legates, who were completely worn out by the
extended session, an adjournment was taken
until 2 o'clock this afternoon, and the crowd
filled slowly out of the big wigwam.

Day was breaking when they left the build-
ing and the clouds in the East were tinged
with a rosy hue. None of the New York de-
legates was disposed to discuss the cause of
their defeat just then, for they were still too
sore over completeness of their rout to talk
much about it.

The loss of the expected anti-Cleveland
votes in the silver States and the desertion of
Senator Gorman, whom they relied on to carry
them through the fight, are the alleged cause
of the collapse of the Hill boom, and the su-

THE STORY IN DETAIL.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]
CHICAGO, June 23.—Twenty thousand en-
thusiastic people filed out of the big Wigwam
on the lake front about 4 o'clock this morn-
ing, their throats hoarse from cheering, their
bodies weary from the strain of an unprece-
dented long session of a National Convention,
but filled with enthusiasm and mutual
congratulation at the outcome of the struggle
in which the partisans of the ex-President
had won such a decisive victory.

Every Democrat who came out of the hall
believed that he had witnessed the selection
of the next President of the United States.
The alacrity with which the opponents of
Mr. Cleveland's candidacy had wheeled into
line, voting with acclamation to make his nomi-
nation unanimous, had dispelled clinging
doubts that election-day knives would be
whetted by the disappointed ones. Happi-
ness shone on all faces, and the delegates
sought their couches with a consciousness of
duty well performed.

When the delegates convened at 5 o'clock
last evening after the recess it was evident
that a determination existed to bring the
business of the Convention to a conclusion.
There remained only the disposition of the
report of the Committee on Platforms, before
proceeding to nominations and balloting.

The Platform Committee was slow in report-
ing, and orators were chary of airing their
views when called upon. The air in the Wig-
wam was oppressively hot and stifling, and the
strange spectacle was presented of thousands
of well-dressed men sitting in their shirt-
sleeves, fanning their perspiring faces dili-
gently, and listening impatiently to the
strains of patriotic and popular airs rendered
by the band.

The rumor was buzzed about the Hall that
the anti-Cleveland men had prepared a big
surprise for their opponents, and the belief
soon obtained that it had been determined to
consolidate the opposition vote upon ex-Gov.
Campbell, of Ohio on the second ballot,
should Cleveland fall of nomination upon the
first trial. Mr. Campbell was accorded a flat-
tering ovation when he entered the hall.

Chairman Jones, of St. Louis, entered the
hall at 6.15 o'clock, bearing the report of the
Platform Committee. He asked Senator
Vilas, of Wisconsin, to read the report, and
announced that upon completion of the read-
ing he should make the previous question.

Delegate Patterson, of Colorado, followed
by announcing that a majority report would
be presented. Then Mr. Vilas read the plat-
form as adopted by the majority of the Com-
mittee.

An Ovation to Mr. Cleveland.

At the end of the first paragraph was men-
tioned the name of the ex-President. This
was the signal for an outbreak of cheering all
over the great auditorium. Nearly every-
body rose to his feet or jumped on his chair,
swinging his hat and shouting with all his
lung power. The band added to the din by
striking up "Yankee Doodle."

The noise was deafening. After it had con-
tinued for about three minutes, and was just
beginning to subside, one of the Michigan

delegates appeared upon the floor with a
white silk and gold banner inscribed "Michi-
gan" and with a lithograph portrait of Cleve-
land pasted on both sides. This caused the
cheering to start in again with redoubled
enthusiasm. The banner, borne in half a
dozen eager hands, was carried up and down
the aisles among the various delegations.

The Iowa men fell in behind the Cleveland
banner-bearers.
There was something infectious in the en-
thusiasm. The women among the spectators
caught the fever and soon everybody in the
wigwam, with very few exceptions, was
cheering. The clamor ebbed and flowed and
waves of cheers swept from side to side over
the hall. There were times when it seemed
about to subside. Then it would break out
again.

For an even twenty minutes the demon-
stration continued. Then the crowd had
showered itself out, and, order being restored,
Senator Vilas resumed the reading of the
platform.

All this time the New York delegation sat
silent and sullen. Only Bourke Cockran
stained. Col. Fellows yawned as though pos-
sessed by "that tired feeling."

Tariff for Revenue Only.

When Mr. Vilas concluded, ex-Congressman
Neal, of Ohio, chairman of the Ohio Demo-
cratic State Committee, moved to strike out
the plank on the tariff and substitute the
following:

"We denounce the Republican protection
policy as a fraud on the labor of the great
majority of the American people for the
benefit of the few. We declare it to be a
fundamental principle of the Democratic
party that the Federal Government has no
constitutional power to impose and collect
tariff duties, except for the purpose of
consolidating the currency and the collection
of such taxes shall be limited to the
necessaries of the Government when honestly
and economically administered."

The delegates grasped the significance of
these words at once. They committed the
Democratic party irrevocably to a policy of
"tariff for revenue only," and opposition to
the policy of protective duties.

New York's delegation and thousands of
others were on their feet and the Convention
again went wild.

United argument followed, participated in
by Mr. Neal, Henry Waterson and Senator
Vilas. The tariff plank of 1876, on which
Tilden ran, was read by Mr. Waterson.

After a time the question was put to a vote
and the Convention adopted Mr. Neal's sub-
stitute by a vote of 364 to 342. The
announcement was loudly applauded.

The Fight on Silver.

The tariff project being concluded, the silver
fight began. Mr. Patterson, of Colorado, got
the platform to make a free silver speech.
He made the crowd laugh by saying inas-
much as that the word "free" was spelled
with five letters. He was a member of the
committee on Platform, and had been in the
free silver plans which he had offered to the
Committee and which had been voted down.

The Convention was impatient and tired
out. They had sat four hours and a half
and interrupted Mr. Patterson's discussion of
a rather dry subject.
A delegate from Kentucky suggested that
the whole matter be recommitted to the com-
mittee, but it was plain that that wouldn't

settle the dispute, and the fight had to be
fought out in the convention.
When Mr. Patterson had finished the ques-
tion was put to a vote and the silver resolu-
tion was defeated by a viva voce vote. This re-
sult was greeted with applause. The ques-
tion on the adoption of the platform was then
formally put and carried.

Precursing Candidates' Names.
Gov. Abbott then took the platform and
made a speech, presenting the name of Grover
Cleveland. There was another demon-
stration, lasting ten minutes. Mr. Abbott's
speech was able and was punctuated by ap-
plause.

He mentioned Hill's name, which was the
signal for an ovation for the Senator which
lasted twenty-three minutes. Dr. Mary
Walker, in her peculiar costume, took a
prominent part in the applause for Mr. Hill.
William C. De Witt, of Brooklyn, then nomi-
nated Senator Hill. It was raining heavily,
and the water came through the roof so that
the Convention and many others were com-
pelled to shelter themselves under umbrellas.

Mr. De Witt was loudly applauded. He was
succeeded by John F. Duncombe, of Iowa,
who nominated Gov. Boies.

Cleveland's nomination was seconded by
Messrs. Fenton, of Kansas; McKendree, of Ken-
tucky, and others. Hill was supported by
Col. Fellows, Bourke Cockran and Senator
Daniel, of Virginia. Henry Waterson spoke
in favor of Gov. Boies.

Then the balloting began with the follow-
ing result:

| Delegation | Cleveland | Hill | Boies | Morrison | Carlisle | Gorman | Stevenson |
|------------------|-----------|------|-------|----------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 22 Alabama | 14 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | |
| 10 Arkansas | 16 | | | | | | |
| 18 California | 18 | | | | | | |
| 8 Colorado | 12 | 8 | | | | | |
| 12 Connecticut | 12 | | | | | | |
| 6 Delaware | 6 | | | | | | |
| 8 Florida | 8 | | | | | | |
| 26 Georgia | 17 | 8 | | | | | |
| 6 Idaho | | | | | | | |
| 48 Illinois | 48 | | | | | | |
| 30 Indiana | 30 | | | | | | |
| 26 Iowa | | 26 | | | | | |
| 20 Kansas | | | | | | | |
| 26 Kentucky | 12 | 2 | | | | | |
| 16 Louisiana | 3 | 11 | | | | | |
| 12 Maine | 9 | 1 | | | | | |
| 16 Maryland | 6 | | | | | | |
| 30 Massachusetts | 24 | 6 | | | | | |
| 26 Michigan | 26 | | | | | | |
| 18 Minnesota | 18 | | | | | | |
| 18 Mississippi | 8 | 8 | | | | | |
| 14 Missouri | 14 | | | | | | |
| 6 Montana | 6 | | | | | | |
| 16 Nebraska | 16 | | | | | | |
| 6 Nevada | 6 | | | | | | |
| 8 N. Hampshire | | | | | | | |
| 20 New Jersey | 20 | | | | | | |
| 6 New Mexico | 4 | 1 | | | | | |
| 22 New York | | 72 | | | | | |
| 12 N. Carolina | 34 | 1 | | | | | |
| 6 North Dakota | 6 | | | | | | |
| 48 Ohio | 14 | 16 | | | | | |
| 8 Oregon | 8 | | | | | | |
| 64 Pennsylvania | 64 | | | | | | |
| 8 Rhode Island | | | | | | | |
| 6 South Carolina | 2 | 13 | | | | | |
| 8 South Dakota | 7 | 1 | | | | | |
| 24 Tennessee | 24 | | | | | | |
| 30 Texas | 32 | 8 | | | | | |
| 8 Vermont | 8 | | | | | | |
| 24 Virginia | 12 | 11 | | | | | |
| 8 Washington | 8 | | | | | | |
| 12 West Virginia | 7 | 1 | | | | | |
| 24 Wisconsin | 24 | | | | | | |
| 6 Wyoming | 6 | | | | | | |
| 2 Alaska | 2 | | | | | | |
| 6 Arizona | 6 | | | | | | |
| 2 D. C. | 2 | | | | | | |
| 2 D. C. | 2 | | | | | | |
| 2 Oklahoma | 2 | | | | | | |
| 2 Utah | 2 | | | | | | |
| 910 Total | 617½ | 118 | 103 | 2 | 14 | | |

RECAPITULATION OF VOTE.

| | |
|------------------|------|
| Cleveland | 617½ |
| Hill | 118 |
| Boies | 103 |
| Morrison | 2 |
| Carlisle | 14 |
| Gorman | 2 |
| Stevenson | 16½ |
| Patterson | 1 |
| Russell | 1 |
| Waterson | 1 |
| Total votes cast | 909½ |

BUSINESS MEN ARE PLEASED.

There was much satisfaction expressed by
the members of the New York Stock Ex-
change, as they gathered in the "bull ring"
this morning and exchanged views on the
political situation. The Democrats gathered
in little groups and vented their enthusiasm
in cheers and cat-calls, and the Republicans
confessed that the issue was made, and they
had a hard battle to fight, while the inde-
pendents—the men who sustained Cleveland
as effectively four and eight years ago—
beamed with happiness.

All agreed—Democrats, Independents and
Republicans alike—that Mr. Cleveland was
the strongest business man's candidate that
could have been named, and the effect of his
nomination was shown by the strong opening
of the market. Representatives in Wall
street of foreign houses declared that the
nomination would restore European confi-
dence and greatly strengthen American se-
curities there.

In the first hour of business yesterday
several were taken from the organization of
the Cleveland club in the Stock Exchange, and
a call for a meeting for the purpose was issued
by H. H. Hart. The meeting will be held at
3.30 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at the office
of C. L. Hudson & Co., 35 Wall street.

Expressions of opinion were obtained by
Frederick Wornum, president of the solid
business men of Wall street, and the ex-
changes, the words of Democrats, Republi-
cans and Independents being recorded. Here
are some of the expressions:

Banker Henry Wornum said: "I think Mr.
Cleveland's nomination was the best that
could have been made and the only one that
had any chance of success. I am a Republi-
can, and I believe Harrison is a hard man
to beat. I have advocated the nomination of

Cleveland by the Democrats for the reason
that Cleveland is sound on the financial
question. As Harrison is also sound it puts
either will put free silver legislation off for
at least four years. That menacing danger is
removed, and the market has already im-
proved, and our securities are strengthened
in the markets of the world."

Josiah Wornum: "I am highly pleased
with the nomination of Grover Cleveland.
No man ever occupied the Presidential chair
with more dignity. His Administration was
honest and he was faithful."